

PUBLISHED EVERY WEDNESDAY MORNING.
BY
JAYNES, SHELOR, SMITH & STECK.
R. T. JAYNES, Editor. J. A. STECK, Business Manager.
SUBSCRIPTION, \$1.00 PER ANNUM.
ADVERTISING RATES REASONABLE.

WALHALLA, S. C.:
WEDNESDAY, JULY 11, 1900.

Our Classical Kid.

When Jane and I first went to school To Uncle Ebenezer,
He taught us of the stirring times Of Julius Caesar;
And how, when Zola's fight was won, The message, terse and spicy,
The Consul sent to wailing Rome Of "Veni, vidi, vici!"

But now our kid from school returns A hundred times the wiser,
And glibly reads the Latin text Of Kyrie Eleison;
Whose very words he'll even quote In accents queer and squeaky,
To prove that what was really said Was "Waney, Weekey, Weekey!"

—William Lincoln Bales, in Puck.

SIXTY PERSONS CRUSHED TO DEATH.

Trolley Car Plunges Down Hundred Foot Embankment—Hundred Passengers on It.

Tocoma, Wash., July 4.—Nearly a hundred people, passengers on a car bound for this city, were plunged down a gulch at Twenty-sixth and C streets at 8 a. m. Those who were standing on the platform dropped off, only to be bruised and wounded by the heavy body of the coach, while others inside were killed and maimed before they knew what had happened. The car jumped the track and was smashed to kindling wood in the bottom of the chasm, over a hundred feet below. The dead will number nearly three score, for there are many of the injured who will never recover and who are expected to die at any moment, and there are at least sixty of the passengers of the car now in the various hospitals and under the care of their own physicians.

Residents of the nearby towns—Edison, Lakeview, Parkland, Lake Park and other places—are coming to Tacoma to spend the Fourth. Their journey was nearly at an end when they met death in a horrible manner. Crushed, maimed and mangled, the unfortunates were dragged from beneath the wreck of the car and laid on the grass. It was a spectacle of carnage such as is scarcely ever observed, even in war, for earwheels and trucks and heavy timbers make more horrible wounds than bullet and shell. The agonizing cries of the wounded and the dying as they lay on the sides of the gulch and on the bottom or were held down under heavy timbers that once formed a part of the wrecked car, could be heard for blocks away. Citizens, policemen, firemen, guardsmen, ex-volunteers and women and children aided. The sides of the gulch are steep; in fact, so steep that a goat would hardly venture to descend them, but the cries of the wounded made men forget this and they plunged down without regard to their own safety. Ropes were quickly procured and the victims of the wreck were drawn carefully to the top of the gulch. Every physician in the city was called. The Fanny Paddock and St. Joseph hospitals were soon crowded with injured. Hacks, express wagons and all sorts of conveyances were pressed into service, but the dead wagon was there, and that was in use, too. It made journey after journey, and it was always full. Boys, girls, men and women were its freight. The morgues of the various undertaking rooms were scarcely large enough to hold all. When the dead had been sorted from the living and the last one had been rescued from the wreck, excited men and women and children besieged the morgues searching for missing friends.

The heavy rains have so injured crops in the region of Vicksburg, Miss., that the conditions are worse than for years past. Sections of Georgia, Alabama and Texas have been similarly affected.

The law holds both maker and creator of a counterfeit equally guilty. If the dealer who sells you a dangerous counterfeit of DEWITT'S KIDNEY PILLS risks your life to make a little larger profit, you cannot trust him. DEWITT'S is the only genuine and original cure for piles and all skin diseases. See that your dealer gives you DEWITT'S the safe.

J. W. BELL.

Alliance Meeting.

The Keowee County Alliance will meet at the Keowee Branch school house on the 24th Friday in July, (the 25th), 1900, at 10 o'clock.

JAMES T. BIRD, President.

The car which plunged into the ravine left Edison at about 8 o'clock. Every inch of space on the platform was taken. One report is that the motorman, after starting down Apex Hill, turned on his current instead of shutting it off, and when the car had gained such momentum as to threaten to get away from him, he turned off the current, but it was then too late for the car was going at lightning speed, and the incline is steep. Passengers on the front platform who saw the sharp curve on the bridge endeavored to jump, and several of them reached the ground in safety.

Chairman Richardson's Address.

It was very proper that Hon. J. D. Richardson, of Tennessee, should be chosen permanent chairman of the Democratic National Convention.

He is the leader of the Democratic party in the House of Representatives; a man of admitted ability and a skilled politician. Having had such a long experience in national legislation, having demonstrated so well his capacity as a leader and possessing such full knowledge of the issues upon which the campaign now opening will be fought, he is admirably qualified to preside over the deliberations of the great council of the Democratic party.

Mr. Richardson wastes no words either by way of introduction or conclusion. He comes directly to business and quits when he has delivered his message.

He declares that whereas the paramount issue of the Presidential contest of 1896 was 16 to 1, (referring to silver coinage), there is now presented another issue of 16 to 1, which is still more important.

The Democratic party, according to Chairman Richardson, should press sixteen issues in their appeal to the country this year. He states each of these issues very briefly and yet with clearness and force.

They are categorically as follows:

1. Imperialism.
2. The Trusts.
3. The Protective Tariff.
4. Bimetallism.
5. The Monroe Doctrine.
6. The Nicaragua Canal.
7. Abuse of Civil Service.
8. Statedhood for Territories.
9. The Porto Rican Tariff.
10. The Philippines.
11. Pet Banks.
12. War Department Scandals.
13. Cuban Postoffice Robberies.
14. Entangling Alliances.
15. War Taxes.
16. Monstrous Extravagance of the Present Administration.

Mr. Richardson outlines these as the sixteen issues which are to be, or should be pressed by the Democracy in the coming campaign. He says they constitute sixteen parts of the proper campaign. The one other needful part, he says, is the assurance to the country that the party means what it declares, and will be true to its professions and sufficient guaranty of sincerity can be given by the nomination of W. J. Bryan for President. The speech of Chairman Richardson was pointed and forceful.

It presents the issues which will form the contention between the two great parties and is a very important deliverance.

It will be observed that the address contains no specific endorsement of the free coinage of silver at the ratio of 16 to 1, not even an allusion to it, which is a remarkable omission in view of the insistence of Mr. Bryan, the certain nominee of the Convention, that this policy shall be clearly and emphatically proclaimed.

Chairman Richardson may therefore be taken as an exponent of the conservative element of the Convention on the silver question—it can hardly be said an issue at this time.—Atlanta Journal, July 5.

For Women to Remember.

The Boston Globe is responsible for the following things wives should remember:

That Adam was made first.
That "he pays the freight."
That "blessed are the meek."

That nine men in ten detect gossip. That all angels are not of your sex. That confidence begets confidence. That men sometimes have nerves. That there should be no place like home.

That it takes two to prolong a family jar.
That the least said is the soonest mended.

That with all his faults you love him still.

That you should have no secrets from him.

That woman's best weapon is her weakness.

That home is more than half what can make it.

That he is just as anxious to get rich as you are.

That wives are unusually favored in this country.

That his typewriter cannot help it if she is pretty.

That he likes to hear that the baby is his dead image.

That six pairs of slippers are enough for any man.

That a man likes neatness in your attire at all times.

That early in excess is more than run in moderation.

That you should not run up bills without his knowledge.

That a baby in the house is a well-spring of pleasure.

That she who puts on the gloves should know how to spar.

That he is not in love with every woman he glances at.

That it is policy to let him believe he is "lord and master."

That your relationship is closer to him than to your mother.

That a prompt and pointed answer does not turn away wrath.

That he does not get sleepy the same moment that you do.

That there are little drop-boxes on the nearby corners.

KILLED HIS FATHER.

A Nineteen Year Old Negro Boy Shoots His Father in Self Defense.

Another homicide in this county, but this time the killing appears to have been in self defense. Lewis Watts, colored, was shot and killed above here Thursday evening about night. It appears that Lewis was accustomed to whipping the household occasionally, wife and children, large and small, and that evening he made a start on his wife, having whipped her unmercifully and threatened to kill her, but she got loose and ran off and was met, as she went away from the house, by her children who had been fishing and who took her back to the house. The Lewis started for Johnson, his oldest son, with a razor in one hand and a knife in the other (he used the knife on his wife.) Johnson backed toward the door, but the old man got a good "swipe" or two with his razor, planting an ugly gash in the boy's arm. After that bout was over it was the boy's turn to get in some work. He had a pistol in his pocket. He promptly drew the pistol and fired the fatal shot, the ball taking effect in the back just above the right shoulder and going entirely through the body in near range of the heart. The father ran out into the yard a few steps and fell on his face where he lay till yesterday morning when the coroner's jury moved him, with a razor in one hand and a rope in the other. Deputy Sheriff Wilson went up and brought the boy down yesterday morning and lodged him in jail. He made no attempt whatever to escape, feeling, we suppose, that his course, sad and awful as it was, was justifiable in the eyes of the law.—Lancaster Enterprise.

NEGROES AND MILLS.

The Charleston Darkey Does Not Suit for Cotton Mill Work.

There are probably 35,000 negroes in Charleston; nevertheless, the cotton mill in that city, which is being operated with negro labor, finds it extremely difficult to secure the hundred or so hands that it needs. Of the colored population, probably one in every three may be called an idler, while only one of the other two works steadily the year round. All that the mill requires is that the employee shall take an interest in the work and put in full time, but it seems that the Charleston darkey cannot, or will not, comply with these simple and reasonable conditions.

ARE YOU BANKRUPT in health,

constitution undermined by extravagance in eating, by disregarding the laws of nature, or physical capital all gone, if so, NEVER DESPAIR.

Tutt's Liver Pills will cure you.

For sick headache, dyspepsia, sour stomach, malaria, torpid liver, constipation, biliousness and all kindred diseases.

Tutt's Liver Pills

an absolute cure.

Intensive vs. Extensive Farming.

The successful farmer of the future must farm fewer acres and grow more per acre. Rotation of crops and diversified farming and stock raising are the plans to be adopted for laying the best foundation for success of the future farmer, and, as it costs no more to raise a well bred animal than it does a scrub, better sell off the inferior stock, and in the future none but the very best to consume the crops raised. Fewer animals in number and better ones to consume the grain and grass raised on fewer acres is the road to success in these days of small margins and sharp competition. The writer has observed one great mistake made by many farmers. They undertake to do too much, so that they have not time to give growing crops proper attention at the right time.

Better drop off one or two things in which there is the least profit, and put more time on other crops that pay better. The successful farmer of the future will find that he cannot afford to undertake more than he can do well. I have had experience enough to know that in farming many things must be done at the right time to secure a good and profitable crop. If we would have our potato patch and growing corn do their best, the ground should be stirred as soon as dry enough after every rain that falls, forming a crust on the surface. Every ton of clover that a man sells off his farm, robs it of about \$8.20 worth of fertility; every ton of timothy hay, that he hauls away robs it of about \$5.48, and every ton of wheat \$7.75.

Hence it is evident to every man that if we grow clover and timothy for the market it is only a question of time when the best of farms will become unproductive. We must practice more intensive farming and less extensive if we make farming pay in the future. We must plant fewer acres and raise more to the acre. Wheat at 50 cents per bushel and twelve to fifteen bushels to the acre does not pay expenses. But if we can so farm as to raise 30 or 35 bushels per acre then there would be some profit in raising 50 cents wheat.

But the American farmer cannot quit growing wheat if there be little or no profit in it, from the fact that we must rotate our crops in order to keep up the fertility of the soil.—M. Trussler, in Farmers' Guide.

The Greenville County Democratic Executive Committee has decided to have a separate box at each voting precinct in which the ballots "For Dispensary," "For Prohibition," or "For High License," may be deposited. Members of the Legislature elected at the coming primary will be pledged to support the instructions as given at the polls.

—The Atlanta Semi-Weekly Journal and THE CURIER for \$1.50 a year.

ADMIRAL KEMPF.

The Man Whose Name Figures in the China Dispatches.

Rear Admiral Louis Kempff is prominently before the public now. The State Department and the Navy Department agree that he has distinguished himself in his handling of affairs. The naval forces of the United States in the Chinese difficulties are in charge of the Rear Admiral. He has been advanced from one position to another because of the excellence of his service in the navy. He was born in Illinois, and was appointed to the naval academy from that State in 1857. He was with the steam frigate Wabash in 1861, assisting in the blockade of the South Atlantic. He was in much important naval fighting of the civil war, and was promoted for bravery in action. For three years, 1877 to 1880, he was in charge of the navy yard at Mare Island. He then took charge of the Adams for three years. He was selected by Secretary Long to have charge of the naval station at Guam, but he is now doing in China the most important and satisfactory work of his life.

NEGROES AND MILLS.

The Charleston Darkey Does Not Suit for Cotton Mill Work.

There are probably 35,000 negroes in Charleston; nevertheless, the cotton mill in that city, which is being operated with negro labor, finds it extremely difficult to secure the hundred or so hands that it needs. Of the colored population, probably one in every three may be called an idler, while only one of the other two works steadily the year round. All that the mill requires is that the employee shall take an interest in the work and put in full time, but it seems that the Charleston darkey cannot, or will not, comply with these simple and reasonable conditions.

ARE YOU BANKRUPT in health,

constitution undermined by extravagance in eating, by disregarding the laws of nature, or physical capital all gone, if so, NEVER DESPAIR.

Tutt's Liver Pills will cure you.

For sick headache, dyspepsia, sour stomach, malaria, torpid liver, constipation, biliousness and all kindred diseases.

Tutt's Liver Pills

an absolute cure.

Intensive vs. Extensive Farming.

The successful farmer of the future must farm fewer acres and grow more per acre. Rotation of crops and diversified farming and stock raising are the plans to be adopted for laying the best foundation for success of the future farmer, and, as it costs no more to raise a well bred animal than it does a scrub, better sell off the inferior stock, and in the future none but the very best to consume the crops raised. Fewer animals in number and better ones to consume the grain and grass raised on fewer acres is the road to success in these days of small margins and sharp competition. The writer has observed one great mistake made by many farmers. They undertake to do too much, so that they have not time to give growing crops proper attention at the right time.

Better drop off one or two things in which there is the least profit, and put more time on other crops that pay better. The successful farmer of the future will find that he cannot afford to undertake more than he can do well. I have had experience enough to know that in farming many things must be done at the right time to secure a good and profitable crop. If we would have our potato patch and growing corn do their best, the ground should be stirred as soon as dry enough after every rain that falls, forming a crust on the surface. Every ton of clover that a man sells off his farm, robs it of about \$8.20 worth of fertility; every ton of timothy hay, that he hauls away robs it of about \$5.48, and every ton of wheat \$7.75.

Hence it is evident to every man that if we grow clover and timothy for the market it is only a question of time when the best of farms will become unproductive. We must practice more intensive farming and less extensive if we make farming pay in the future. We must plant fewer acres and raise more to the acre. Wheat at 50 cents per bushel and twelve to fifteen bushels to the acre does not pay expenses. But if we can so farm as to raise 30 or 35 bushels per acre then there would be some profit in raising 50 cents wheat.

But the American farmer cannot quit growing wheat if there be little or no profit in it, from the fact that we must rotate our crops in order to keep up the fertility of the soil.—M. Trussler, in Farmers' Guide.

The Greenville County Democratic Executive Committee has decided to have a separate box at each voting precinct in which the ballots "For Dispensary," "For Prohibition," or "For High License," may be deposited. Members of the Legislature elected at the coming primary will be pledged to support the instructions as given at the polls.

—The Atlanta Semi-Weekly Journal and THE CURIER for \$1.50 a year.

ADMIRAL KEMPF.

The Man Whose Name Figures in the China Dispatches.

Rear Admiral Louis Kempff is prominently before the public now. The State Department and the Navy Department agree that he has distinguished himself in his handling of affairs. The naval forces of the United States in the Chinese difficulties are in charge of the Rear Admiral. He has been advanced from one position to another because of the excellence of his service in the navy. He was born in Illinois, and was appointed to the naval academy from that State in 1857. He was with the steam frigate Wabash in 1861, assisting in the blockade of the South Atlantic. He was in much important naval fighting of the civil war, and was promoted for bravery in action. For three years, 1877 to 1880, he was in charge of the navy yard at Mare Island. He then took charge of the Adams for three years. He was selected by Secretary Long to have charge of the naval station at Guam, but he is now doing in China the most important and satisfactory work of his life.

NEGROES AND MILLS.

The Charleston Darkey Does Not Suit for Cotton Mill Work.

There are probably 35,000 negroes in Charleston; nevertheless, the cotton mill in that city, which is being operated with negro labor, finds it extremely difficult to secure the hundred or so hands that it needs. Of the colored population, probably one in every three may be called an idler, while only one of the other two works steadily the year round. All that the mill requires is that the employee shall take an interest in the work and put in full time, but it seems that the Charleston darkey cannot, or will not, comply with these simple and reasonable conditions.

ARE YOU BANKRUPT in health,

constitution undermined by extravagance in eating, by disregarding the laws of nature, or physical capital all gone, if so, NEVER DESPAIR.

Tutt's Liver Pills will cure you.

For sick headache, dyspepsia, sour stomach, malaria, torpid liver, constipation, biliousness and all kindred diseases.

Tutt's Liver Pills

an absolute cure.

Intensive vs. Extensive Farming.

The successful farmer of the future must farm fewer acres and grow more per acre. Rotation of crops and diversified farming and stock raising are the plans to be adopted for laying the best foundation for success of the future farmer, and, as it costs no more to raise a well bred animal than it does a scrub, better sell off the inferior stock, and in the future none but the very best to consume the crops raised. Fewer animals in number and better ones to consume the grain and grass raised on fewer acres is the road to success in these days of small margins and sharp competition. The writer has observed one great mistake made by many farmers. They undertake to do too much, so that they have not time to give growing crops proper attention at the right time.

Better drop off one or two things in which there is the least profit, and put more time on other crops that pay better. The successful farmer of the future will find that he cannot afford to undertake more than he can do well. I have had experience enough to know that in farming many things must be done at the right time to secure a good and profitable crop. If we would have our potato patch and growing corn do their best, the ground should be stirred as soon as dry enough after every rain that falls, forming a crust on the surface. Every ton of clover that a man sells off his farm, robs it of about \$8.20 worth of fertility; every ton of timothy hay, that he hauls away robs it of about \$5.48, and every ton of wheat \$7.75.

Hence it is evident to every man that if we grow clover and timothy for the market it is only a question of time when the best of farms will become unproductive. We must practice more intensive farming and less extensive if we make farming pay in the future. We must plant fewer acres and raise more to the acre. Wheat at 50 cents per bushel and twelve to fifteen bushels to the acre does not pay expenses. But if we can so farm as to raise 30 or 35 bushels per acre then there would be some profit in raising 50 cents wheat.

But the American farmer cannot quit growing wheat if there be little or no profit in it, from the fact that we must rotate our crops in order to keep up the fertility of the soil.—M. Trussler, in Farmers' Guide.

The Greenville County Democratic Executive Committee has decided to have a separate box at each voting precinct in which the ballots "For Dispensary," "For Prohibition," or "For High License," may be deposited. Members of the Legislature elected at the coming primary will be pledged to support the instructions as given at the polls.

—The Atlanta Semi-Weekly Journal and THE CURIER for \$1.50 a year.

ADMIRAL KEMPF.

The Man Whose Name Figures in the China Dispatches.

Rear Admiral Louis Kempff is prominently before the public now. The State Department and the Navy Department agree that he has distinguished himself in his handling of affairs. The naval forces of the United States in the Chinese difficulties are in charge of the Rear Admiral. He has been advanced from one position to another because of the excellence of his service in the navy. He was born in Illinois, and was appointed to the naval academy from that State in 1857. He was with the steam frigate Wabash in 1861, assisting in the blockade of the South Atlantic. He was in much important naval fighting of the civil war, and was promoted for bravery in action. For three years, 1877 to 1880, he was in charge of the navy yard at Mare Island. He then took charge of the Adams for three years. He was selected by Secretary Long to have charge of the naval station at Guam, but he is now doing in China the most important and satisfactory work of his life.

NEGROES AND MILLS.

The Charleston Darkey Does Not Suit for Cotton Mill Work.

There are probably 35,000 negroes in Charleston; nevertheless, the cotton mill in that city, which is being operated with negro labor, finds it extremely difficult to secure the hundred or so hands that it needs. Of the colored population, probably one in every three may be called an idler, while only one of the other two works steadily the year round. All that the mill requires is that the employee shall take an interest in the work and put in full time, but it seems that the Charleston darkey cannot, or will not, comply with these simple and reasonable conditions.

ARE YOU BANKRUPT in health,

constitution undermined by extravagance in eating, by disregarding the laws of nature, or physical capital all gone, if so, NEVER DESPAIR.

Tutt's Liver Pills will cure you.

For sick headache, dyspepsia, sour stomach, malaria, torpid liver, constipation, biliousness and all kindred diseases.

Tutt's Liver Pills

an absolute cure.

Intensive vs. Extensive Farming.

The successful farmer of the future must farm fewer acres and grow more per acre. Rotation of crops and diversified farming and stock raising are the plans to be adopted for laying the best foundation for success of the future farmer, and, as it costs no more to raise a well bred animal than it does a scrub, better sell off the inferior stock, and in the future none but the very best to consume the crops raised. Fewer animals in number and better ones to consume the grain and grass raised on fewer acres is the road to success in these days of small margins and sharp competition. The writer has observed one great mistake made by many farmers. They undertake to do too much, so that they have not time to give growing crops proper attention at the right time.

Better drop off one or two things in which there is the least profit, and put more time on other crops that pay better. The successful farmer of the future will find that he cannot afford to undertake more than he can do well. I have had experience enough to know that in farming many things must be done at the right time to secure a good and profitable crop. If we would have our potato patch and growing corn do their best, the ground should be stirred as soon as dry enough after every rain that falls, forming a crust on the surface. Every ton of clover that a man sells off his farm, robs it of about \$8.20 worth of fertility; every ton of timothy hay, that he hauls away robs it of about \$5.48, and every ton of wheat \$7.75.

Hence it is evident to every man that if we grow clover and timothy for the market it is only a question of time when the best of farms will become unproductive. We must practice more intensive farming and less extensive if we make farming pay in the future. We must plant fewer acres and raise more to the acre. Wheat at 50 cents per bushel and twelve to fifteen bushels to the acre does not pay expenses. But if we can so farm as to raise 30 or 35 bushels per acre then there would be some profit in raising 50 cents wheat.

But the American farmer cannot quit growing wheat if there be little or no profit in it, from the fact that we must rotate our crops in order to keep up the fertility of the soil.—M. Trussler, in Farmers' Guide.

The Greenville County Democratic Executive Committee has decided to have a separate box at each voting precinct in which the ballots "For Dispensary," "For Prohibition," or "For High License," may be deposited. Members of the Legislature elected at the coming primary will be pledged to support the instructions as given at the polls.

—The Atlanta Semi-Weekly Journal and THE CURIER for \$1.50 a year.

ADMIRAL KEMPF.

The Man Whose Name Figures in the China Dispatches.

Rear Admiral Louis Kempff is prominently before the public now. The State Department and the Navy Department agree that he has distinguished himself in his handling of affairs. The naval forces of the United States in the Chinese difficulties are in charge of the Rear Admiral. He has been advanced from one position to another because of the excellence of his service in the navy. He was born in Illinois, and was appointed to the naval academy from that State in 1857. He was with the steam frigate Wabash in 1861, assisting in the blockade of the South Atlantic. He was in much important naval fighting of the civil war, and was promoted for bravery in action. For three years, 1877 to 1880, he was in charge of the navy yard at Mare Island. He then took charge of the Adams for three years. He was selected by Secretary Long to have charge of the naval station at Guam, but he is now doing in China the most important and satisfactory work of his life.

NEGROES AND MILLS.

The Charleston Darkey Does Not Suit for Cotton Mill Work.

There are probably 35,000 negroes in Charleston; nevertheless, the cotton mill in that city, which is being operated with negro labor, finds it extremely difficult to secure the hundred or so hands that it needs. Of the colored population, probably one in every three may be called an idler, while only one of the other two works steadily the year round. All that the mill requires is that the employee shall take an interest in the work and put in full time, but it seems that the Charleston darkey cannot, or will not, comply with these simple and reasonable conditions.

ARE YOU BANKRUPT in health,

constitution undermined by extravagance in eating, by disregarding the laws of nature, or physical capital all gone, if so, NEVER DESPAIR.

Tutt's Liver Pills will cure you.

For sick headache, dyspepsia, sour stomach, malaria, torpid liver, constipation, biliousness and all kindred diseases.

Tutt's Liver Pills

an absolute cure.

Intensive vs. Extensive Farming.

The successful farmer of the future must farm fewer acres and grow more per acre. Rotation of crops and diversified farming and stock raising are the plans to be adopted for laying the best foundation for success of the future farmer, and, as it costs no more to raise a well bred animal than it does a scrub, better sell off the inferior stock, and in the future none but the very best to consume the crops raised. Fewer animals in number and better ones to consume the grain and grass raised on fewer acres is the road to success in these days of small margins and sharp competition. The writer has observed one great mistake made by many farmers. They undertake to do too much, so that they have not time to give growing crops proper attention at the right time.

Better drop off one or two things in which there is the least profit, and put more time on other crops that pay better. The successful farmer of the future will find that he cannot afford to undertake more than he can do well. I have had experience enough to know that in farming many things must be done at the right time to secure a good and profitable crop. If we would have our potato patch and growing corn do their best, the ground should be stirred as soon as dry enough after every rain that falls, forming a crust on the surface. Every ton of clover that a man sells off his farm, robs it of about \$8.20 worth of fertility; every ton of timothy hay, that he hauls away robs it of about \$5.48, and every ton of wheat \$7.75.

Hence it is evident to every man that if we grow clover and timothy for the market it is only a question of time when the best of farms will become unproductive. We must practice more intensive farming and less extensive if we make farming pay in the future. We must plant fewer acres and raise more to the acre. Wheat at 50 cents per bushel and twelve to fifteen bushels to the acre does not pay expenses. But if we can so farm as to raise 30 or 35 bushels per acre then there would be some profit in raising 50 cents wheat.

But the American farmer cannot quit growing wheat if there be little or no profit in it, from the fact that we must rotate our crops in order to keep up the fertility of the soil.—M. Trussler, in Farmers' Guide.

The Greenville County Democratic Executive Committee has decided to have a separate box at each voting precinct in which the ballots "For Dispensary," "For Prohibition," or "For High License," may be deposited. Members of the Legislature elected at the coming primary will be pledged to support the instructions as given at the polls.

—The Atlanta Semi-Weekly Journal and THE CURIER for \$1.50 a year.

ADMIRAL KEMPF.

The Man Whose Name Figures in the China Dispatches.

Rear Admiral Louis Kempff is prominently before the public